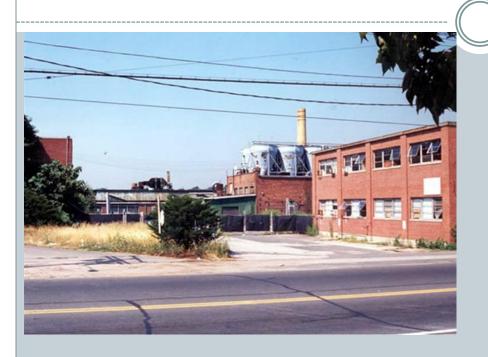
Raymark Industries, Inc. Superfund Site





Stratford Health Department

Presentation Overview

- Introductions
- Commonly used terms/acronyms
- History of the site
- Types of waste and locations
- · Health studies
- Updates on current status of the site and future work

Commonly Used Terms/Acronyms

- Community Advisory Group (CAG)
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601-9675. (CERCLA) a.k.a Superfund
- Institutional Controls (IC)
 - Environmental Land Use Restriction (ELUR)
- Operable Unit (OU)
- Parts per Million (PPM)
- Record of Decision (ROD)
- Soil Vapor Mitigation System (SVMS) or Sub-Slab Depressurization System (SSDS)
- Vapor Intrusion (VI)
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

What was Raymark?

Raymark Industries, Inc., also known as Raybestos, was a manufacturer of automotive brakes, clutch parts, and other friction components, primarily for the automotive industry. Raymark operated in Stratford from 1919 until 1989 when operations ceased.



The History of Raymark

1902-1989

The A.H. Raymond Company was established. Beginning \$1.01 in the red, it would become the catalyst for forming one of the great corporations of American industry, Raybestos-Manhattan, Inc. In a tiny shop in Bridgeport, Connecticut, the four-man operation manufactured brake lining, the Raymond brake, and clutch facings. To improve the performance and safety of automobile brakes, Raymond pioneered a non-charring asbestos and copper-wire brake lining, trade-named "Raybestos," which improved braking capacity.

Sumner Simpson joined the company, which had become the Royal Equipment Company of Bridgeport. Simpson would provide visionary leadership for the next 40 years. By 1916 "Raybestos" had become so synonymous with brakes and clutch lining that the company was renamed the Raybestos Company with Simpson as its president. That year,

sales rose to \$1.34 million.



Raybestos

History of Raymark in Stratford



1919

Raybestos moves from Bridgeport to East Main Street in Stratford.

1929

Raybestos merges with Manhattan Rubber Co., forming the Raybestos-Manhattan Company.

1939

Raybestos-Manhattan consolidates all operations at the Stratford site.



Safety was the keynote as the '40s began, and Raybestos initiated a nationally successful campaign that featured the Raybestos "Friendly Cop" promoting the message that security comes from safe brakes. Production of sintered-metal clutch parts began in 1941 for earth-moving equipment. After Pearl Harbor, automobile production came to a virtual standstill, but Raybestos forged ahead producing vital parts that were used in nearly every U.S. military vehicle, airplane and sea-going vessel.

Raybestos produced 90% of the brake linings for all

U.S. heavy bombers made for WWII, as well as clutch plates for the two-speed planetary B-29
Supercharger. Every Raybestos division was honored for its contribution to the war effort. When automobile production started up again in 1946, Raybestos resumed development of automatic transmission parts.

May 23, 2017

Raymark Pub

Free soil fill offered and distributed throughout the 40s, 50s and 60s



Raymark had a series of lagoons and holding areas



Liquid waste was pumped into these lagoons...



...contaminating the nearby Ferry Creek





... and the groundwater



1975

Stratford requests assistance from CTDEP in evaluating several sites suspected of asbestos contamination and identifies 12 areas where it is found.



1980

Comprehensive Environmental Resource Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) a.k.a. Superfund enacted

1984

EPA becomes involved with the Raymark facility.

1988

Stratford plant closing announced due to lawsuits related to asbestos litigation; EPA conducts preliminary assessment of 12 suspected asbestos sites.

1993

Stratford Health Department and Town Manager petition the Federal Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). ATSDR performs a health assessment and issues a Health Advisory for the Raymark Facility and locations within the Town where Raymark waste has been deposited.

1995

ATSDR releases a Public Health Assessment on Raymark. Raymark is listed on the EPA's National Priorities List, also known as the Superfund list.





1993-1997



EPA starts excavating
Raymark waste from 46
residential properties
and Wooster school, and
excavated material is
returned to the Raymark
facility for storage

1996-1997





At the site of the former facility, buildings are demolished, over 100,000 cubic yards of waste are consolidated, and a 36-acre impermeable cap is placed over the site.

Contaminated Media of Concern

Soil

Raymark waste has three main components (fingerprint):

- **Lead** (more than 400 ppm [parts per million])
- Chrysotile asbestos (more than 1 percent)
- Either Arochlor 1268 (a polychlorinated biphenyl or PCB, more than 1 ppm), or copper (more than 228 ppm).

Groundwater/Indoor Air

- Groundwater contamination migrated from the former Raymark facility toward the Housatonic River
- The contaminants of concern in the groundwater are volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and are able to impact indoor air
- Since buildings in this area are connected to public water, drinking contaminated groundwater is not a concern.

Soil:

OU1: Former facility

OU3: Upper Ferry Creek

OU4: Raybestos Memorial Ball Field

OU5: Shore Rd/ Housatonic Boat

Club

OU6: Additional Fill Properties

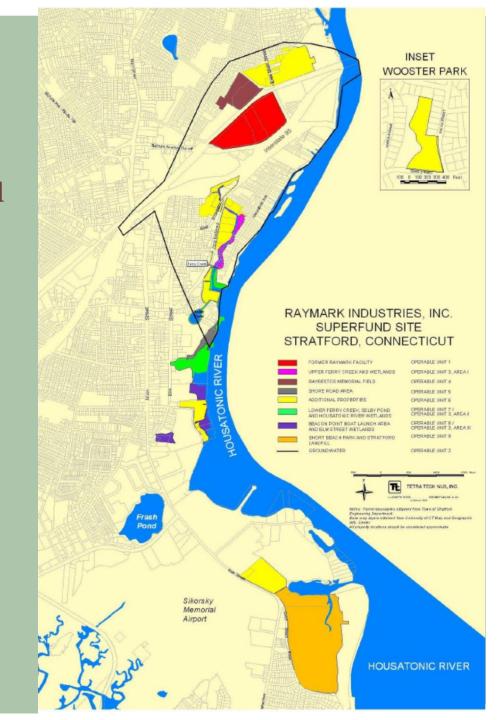
OU7: Lower Ferry Creek/Wetlands

OU8: Beacon Point Boat Launch

OU9: Short Beach Park/Landfill

Groundwater:

OU2: Groundwater Study Area



How were properties selected for soil testing?

Properties were tested for Raymark waste for various reasons, including:

- Location next to a property known or suspected of containing raymark waste
- A request by the current owner for testing after the discovery of suspicious material
- Aerial images showing disturbed land or evidence of fill
- Town's input
- Areas where the public frequented (schools, parks, etc)

Soil Contamination



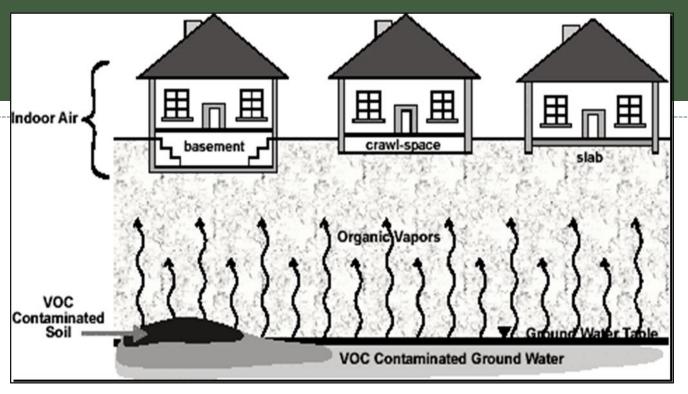
Three outcomes from residential sampling:

- 1. No Raymark waste identified (approximately 206 residential properties)
- 2. Raymark waste identified, removal action completed (approximately 46 residential properties)
- 3. Raymark waste identified, removal action completed with some waste left in place and digging restrictions (approximately 15 out of the 46 residential properties)

Non-Raymark Waste Properties

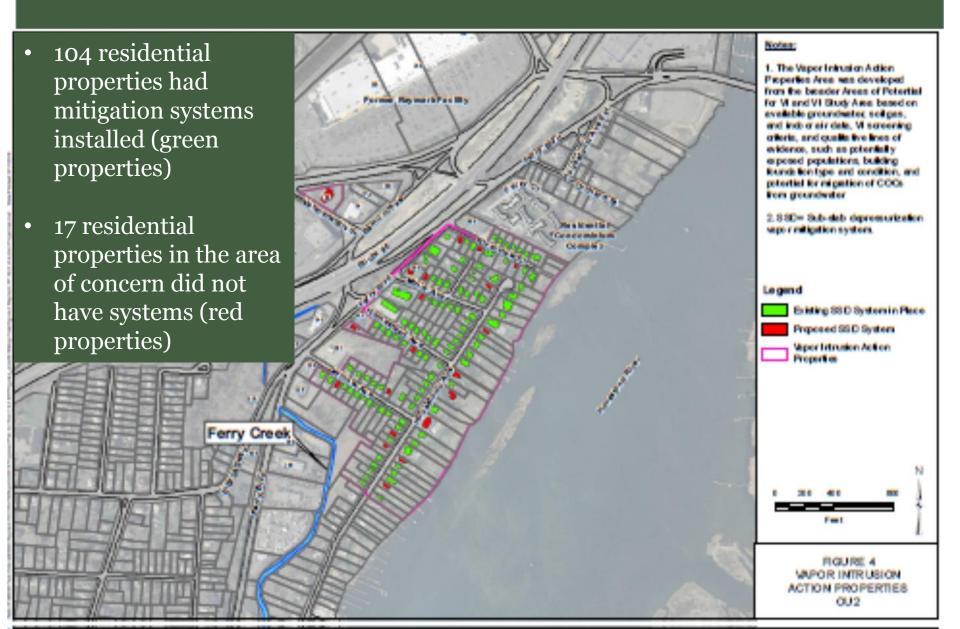
- Properties tested during the investigation of Raymark not found to have all the components of Raymark waste
- Soil samples containing elevated levels of lead, PCBs and/or asbestos (potentially from lead based paint or asbestos shingling)
- Not eligible for EPA cleanup because not linked to the Raymark site, referred to the Health Department for follow-up

Groundwater Contamination & Vapor Intrusion



VOCs in groundwater have the potential to escape from groundwater as a gas (their natural state) and travel upwards through the soil into buildings located above through cracks in the slab and foundation. This process is known as vapor intrusion.

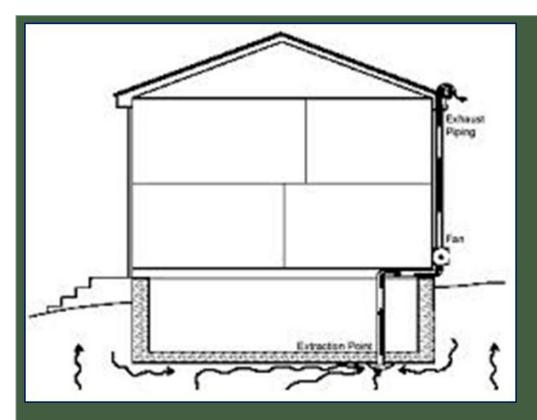
Soil Vapor Mitigation Systems



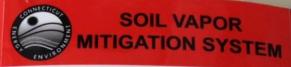
Additional SVMS Installations

• 2016 Record of Decision

 → EPA and CTDEEP offered to install systems free of charge at properties in the area of concern that did not have systems



The system works by collecting gases from under the building foundation and discharging these gases safely outdoors. The system must remain on and operating at all times to be effective at preventing these gases from entering the building.



This Soil Vapor Mitigation System is designed to prevent gases from groundwater that contain solvents from entering a building. The system works by collecting gases from under the building foundation and discharging these gases safely outdoors.

This system was installed by USEPA and CTDEEP to respond to gases from contaminated groundwater from the former Raymark Industries site.

The system must remain on and operating at all times to be effective at preventing these gases from entering your home.

If you have any questions regarding this system, contact CTDEEP (860) 424-3705 or the Stratford Department of Health (203) 385-4090.

In case of an alarm or fan malfunction,* contact CTDEEP at (860) 424-3705.

*Note: A system malfunction needs to be corrected but **DOES NOT** constitute an emergency or an immediate health hazard.

Town of Stratford Groundwater and Vapor Intrusion Zones Ordinance

- The ordinance became effective August 9, 2017
- It was written to protect public health by:
- Preventing the use of contaminated groundwater in the Groundwater Zone and by preventing any expansion of the Groundwater Zone caused by human activity.
- 2. Preventing soil gas potentially contaminated with VOCs from entering the breathable air of homes and commercial buildings located within the Vapor Intrusion Zone by ensuring that the Soil Vapor Mitigation Systems are in place and maintained.

Contaminants & Potential Health Effects

Lead
Asbestos
PCBs
TCE

Exposure occurs only when an individual comes in contact with a contaminant and it gets into the body:

- Inhalation
- Ingestion
- Dermal Contact

The dose, duration of exposure, route of exposure, and characteristics of the individual exposed determine whether poor health is likely to occur from exposure.

Health Studies

- 1993: Preliminary Cancer Study
 - 1993: Blood Lead Testing
- 1998: Cancer & Proximity to Raymark waste
- 2001: Bladder Cancer & Proximity to Raymark waste
 - 2003: Indoor Air Risk Assessment
 - 2011: Follow-up Bladder Cancer

Completed:

OU1: Former facility

Remedial Action:

OU2: Groundwater

Design:

OU3: Upper Ferry Creek

OU4: Raybestos Memorial Ball Field

OU6: Additional Fill Properties

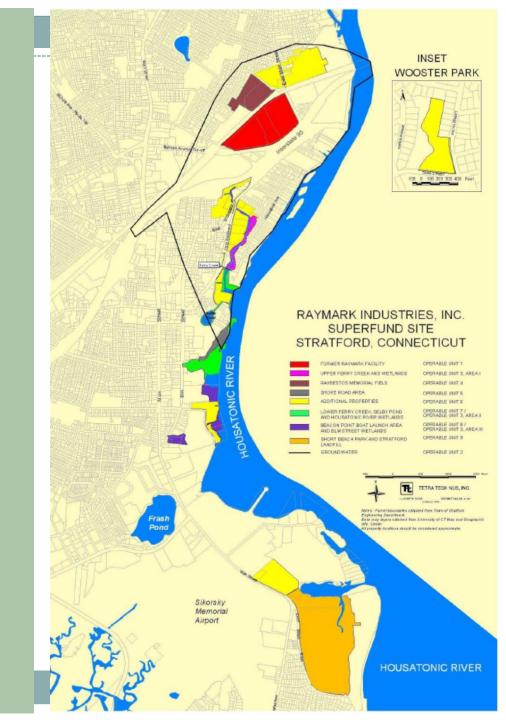
Investigation:

OU5: Shore Rd/ Housatonic Boat Club

OU7: Lower Ferry Creek/Wetlands

OU8: Beacon Point Boat Launch

OU9: Short Beach Park/Landfill



Ongoing and Future Cleanup

Recent Records of Decision to address remaining operable units were issued in July 2011 and September 2016.

July 2011 Record of Decision

Includes 4 OU6 properties

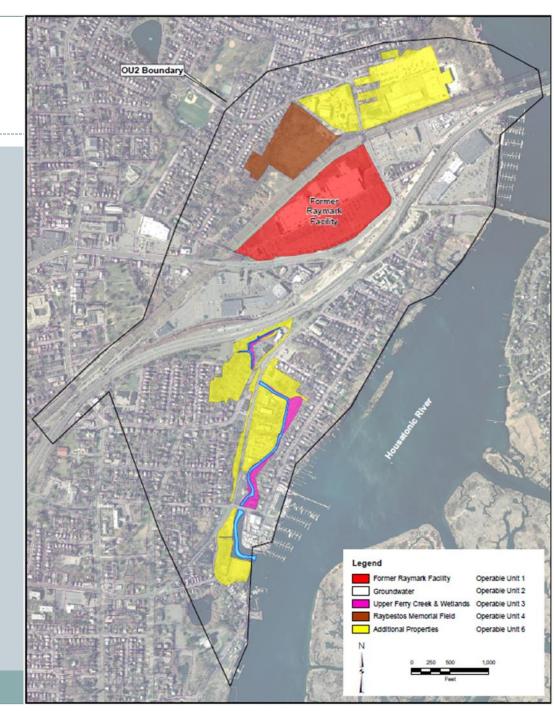
- o Capping of 576 and 600 East Broadway (Morgan Francis)
- Excavation of Raymark Waste from 3rd Avenue (consolidate)
- o Institutional Controls on Beacon Point AOC2 (8'+ deep)

September 2016 Record of Decision

- Includes remedies for:
 - OU2(Groundwater)
 - OU3(Upper Ferry Creek)
 - OU4(Raybestos Ball Field)
 - OU6(Additional Properties)

View EPA's ROD at:

https://semspub.epa.gov/work /01/592492.pdf



EPA and CTDEEP Updates

Operable Units

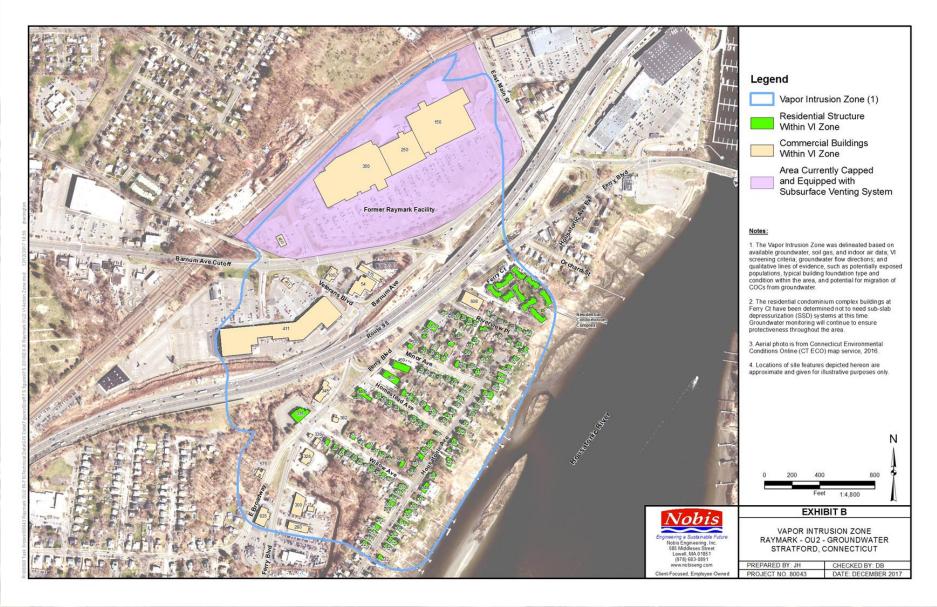


- OU1: Former facility. Capped (complete)
- OU2: Groundwater/Vapor Intrusion (Remedial Action)
- OU3: Upper Ferry Creek (Remedial Design)
- OU4: Raybestos Memorial Ball Field (Remedial Design)
- OU6: Additional Fill Properties (Remedial Design)
- OU5: Shore Rd/Housatonic Boat Club (investigation)
- OU7: Lower Ferry Creek (investigation)
- OU8: Beacon Point Boat Launch (investigation)
- OU9: Short Beach Park/Landfill (investigation)

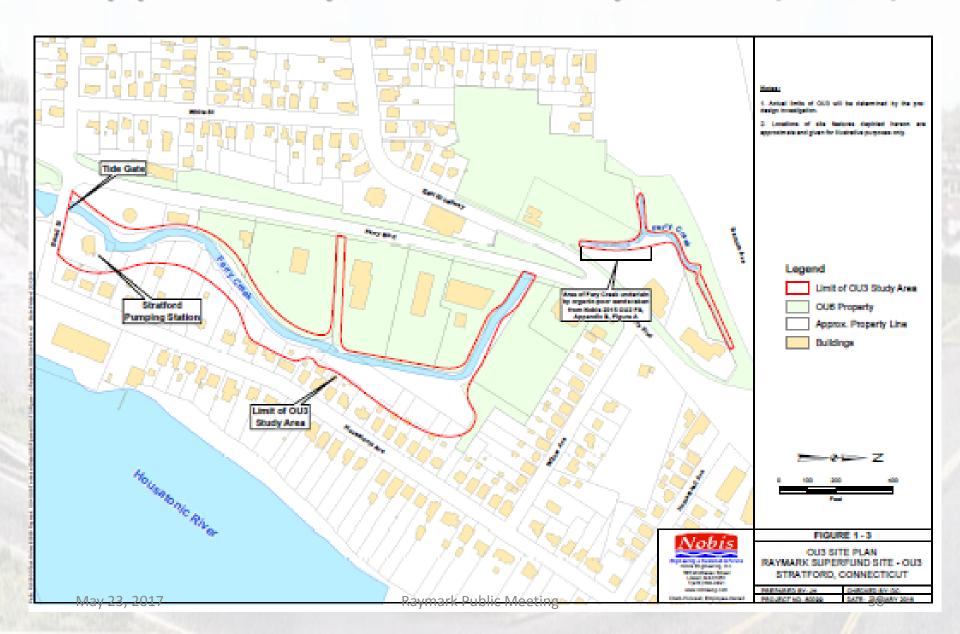
September 2016 ROD

- 1. OU2 Groundwater and vapor intrusion
- 2. OU3 Upper Ferry Creek
- 3. OU4 Former Raybestos Memorial Ball Field
- 4. OU6 22 Additional Properties

Vapor Intrusion Study Area (OU2)



Upper Ferry Creek Study Area (OU3)

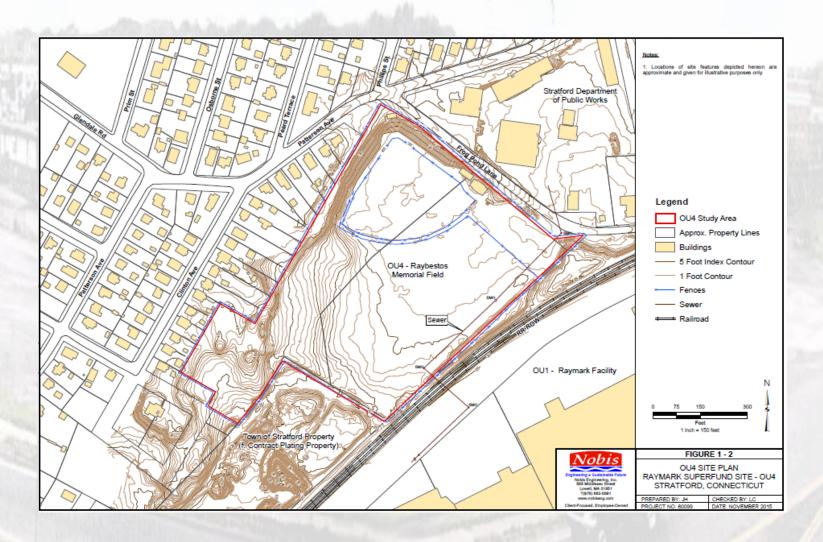


"Additional Properties" Study Area (OU6)

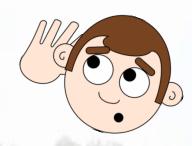


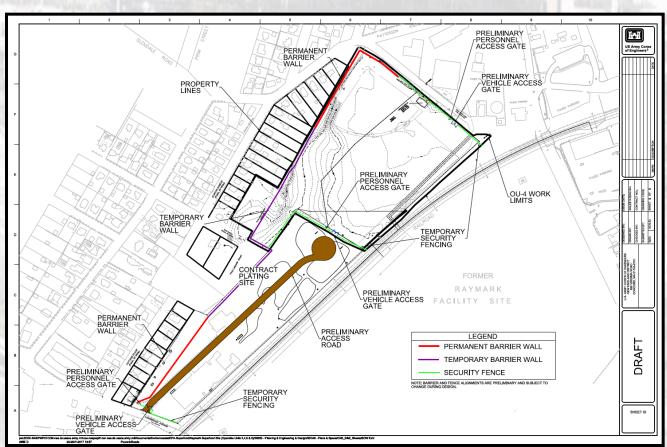
| | OU6 PROPERTY LOCATION | PROPERTY TYPE |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| 1 | 200 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 2 | 230 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 3 | 250 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 4 | 280 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 5 | 300 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 6/7 | Lot Behind 326 Ferry Boulevard (and adjacent vacant lot) | Vacant/lightly vegetated |
| 8 | 326 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 9 | 336 Ferry Boulevard | Active business |
| 10 | Lot Abutting I-95 | Vacant/lightly vegetated |
| 11 | Connecticut Right-of-Way | Vacant/lightly vegetated |
| 12 | 250 East Main Street | Active business |
| 13 | 251 East Main Street | Active business |
| 14 | 304 East Main Street | Active business |
| 15 | 340 East Main Street | Active business |
| 16 | 380 East Main Street | Active business |
| 17 | DPW Lot | Active municipal |
| 18 | Wooster Park | Recreational |
| 19 | Third Avenue Property | Residential |
| 20 | Lockwood Avenue | Vacant/wetlands |
| 21 | Beacon Point Area of Concern #1 | Recreational |
| 22 | Beacon Point Area of Concern #3 | Recreational |

Raybestos Memorial Ballfield Study Area (OU4)



WE ARE LISTENING





- Will be Safe
 - Air monitoring
 - Dust suppression
- Construct
 Barrier
- Save Trees
- Buffer
- Remove RW
- New Plantings

Ballfield Conceptual Redevelopment Plan



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Schedule

2017

- 576/600 East Broadway. Design.
- (OU2) Install vapor systems.
- (OU3/OU4/OU6) Design.

• 2018

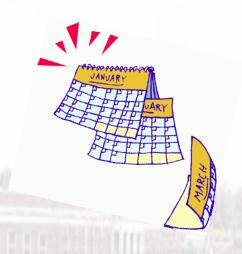
- 576/600 East Broadway. Construct cap and buildings.
- (OU4) Construct barrier and access road.
- (OU3/OU6) Begin excavations.
- (OU4) Begin consolidation.

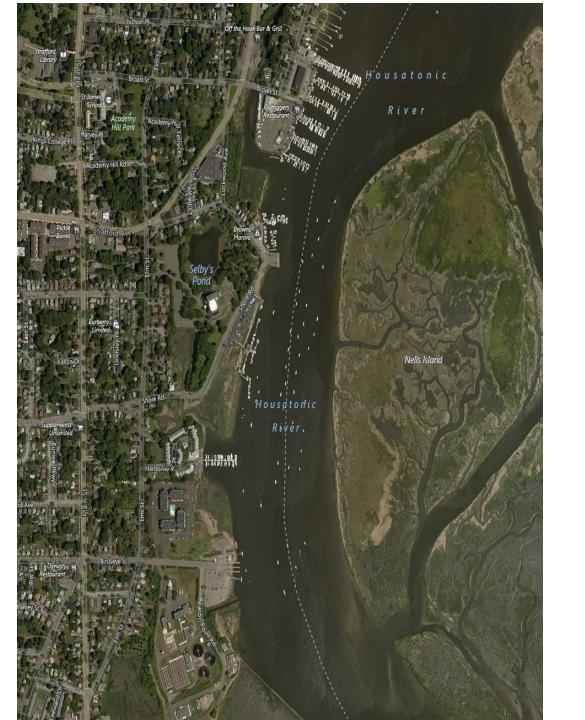
• 2019/2020

• (OU3/OU4/OU6) Continue excavation and consolidation.

• 2021

- (OU3/OU6) Complete excavation.
- (OU4) Construct cap and storm water management system.





For more information visit:

www.epa.gov/superfund/raymark

www.townofstratford.com/raymark

Raymark Facebok page:

Questions?